ECONOMIC INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEE Subcommittee on Petroleum

MILITARY CONSUMPTION OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS

SINO-SOVIET BLOC 1956-1957 The water wind,

EIC-PSC-WP 2

(Limited Distribution)

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S-E-C-R-E-T

FOREWORD

This report provides estimates of the consumption of petroleum products by the military and paramilitary Services of the countries of the Sino-Soviet Bloc for the years 1956 and 1957. It is an updating of EIC-PSC-WP1, dated 1 April 1956, which provided estimates for the years 1950 through 1955. No attempt has been made to revise the estimates contained in the earlier report.

The report was prepared under the sponsorship of the Economic Intelligence Committee Subcommittee on Petroleum to meet a designated research deficiency. It is intended that the report serve members of the intelligence community in petroleum supply/demand studies for countries of the Sino-Soviet Bloc.

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1. Introduction.

The estimates of military consumption included in this report were developed independently by the appropriate intelligence authorities of the U.S. Departments of Army, Navy, and Air Forces. The particular responsibilities for the preparation of consumption estimates for similar consumers in the Sino-Soviet Bloc are as follows:

Army - Appendix A. Sino-Soviet Bloc ground forces; militarized security forces.

Navy - Appendix B. Sino-Soviet Bloc naval forces ashore and afloat.

Air Force - Appendix C. Sino-Soviet Bloc air forces; naval air forces; civil aviation; aircraft engine testing.

Since consumption data, per se, was not available, the estimates represent calculations based on probable numbers and types of equipment, the estimated use thereof, and the petroleum product consumption per unit time or distance. The margin of error is estimated to be 15 percent for all consumption estimates.

2. Estimates of Consumption. a/

The estimates of consumption of petroleum products by the Army, Navy, and Air Forces of the countries of the Sino-Soviet Bloc for the years 1956 and 1957 are summarized in Table 1. Military consumption by product and by location of forces is summarized in Table 2.

The supporting data and methodology for Tables 1 and 2 are included in the appropriate appendixes.

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a. The estimates of consumption represent the best available information as of December 1957.

Table 1

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Sino-Soviet Bloc Military Forces

ic Tons)	Total	1,550.8 3,723.6 7,769.1	13,043,5	1,586.9 4,077.2 12,423.3	18,087,4
(Thousand Metric Tons)	North Vietnam	10.1	10,1	1001	10.1
(The	North Korea	36.4 6.1 67.5	110.0	36.4 6.1 111.3	153.8
	Chinas/	124.1 214.0 373.9	712.0	124.1 247.9 573.1	945.1
	Rumania	51.5 33.7 48.9	134.1	57.2 33.7 59.7	150.6
	Poland	60.9 31.3 142.5	234.7	64.3 34.4 192.2	290.9
	Hungary	38.0 0 148.0	86.0	7.4 0 51.2	58.6
	E. Germ.	52.6 11.5	92°T	58.8 41.9 17.8	118.5
	Czecho.	64.0 0 155.6	219.6	67.6 0 207.4	275.0
	Bulgaria	11.3 2μ.7 50.8	116.8	45.6 27.4 57.6	130.6
	Tbania	7 1 m	15,2	8.0 7.1 8.6	21.3
	JSSRe/	1,064.4 3,381.2 6,867.0	11,312.6	13.07.4 3,681.1 11,144.4	15,932.9
	Consumer 4/b/ USSRC/ Albania	1956 Ground Forces 1,064.4 Naval Forces 3,381.2 Air Forces 6,867.0	Total	1957 Ground Forces Naval Forces Air Forces	Total

Quantities shown for USSR dround Forces includes consumption by militarized security forces. Quantities shown for Air Forces includes consumption by Civil Aviation. See appendices for quantities consumed by national forces outside national boundaries. ထီ ညီ ပီ

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Table 2

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Sino-Soviet Bloc Military Forces

							(Thousand Matric Tone)	T()
Year	Consuming Forces a/	Aviation Gasoline	Motor Gasoline	Jet Fuel	Diesel Fuel	Fire 1 041	Tubus oute	, E
1.956	USSR	L 606 - L	E C			770 7001	mullicatios	Total
	Albania	1.00261	1,029°1	5,439,3	926.6	2,561.3	123.6	11,312,6
	Bulgaria	ב"ונל	ູ້ເ	2,0	L°7	0	rů	15.2
	Grechoslovaka	,	1010	5003	21.3	ر. بر	2,9	116.8
	Ract Comment	10.11	39.2	108.9	26.5	0	3.9	9 016
	The second	(0.3	23.0	3,2	55,6	C	, m	200
	nungary	18°0	24.9	27.2	13.7	· •	<u> </u>	75.75
	Foland	1,2.8	50.6	60	2 6		7.	0°92
	Rumania	ገጽ, ደ	יי פין) () () ()	7.0	Too	4.2	234.7
	China	ļ, ķ	1 to 1	6017	ρ•/T	26 .1	೧೯	134,1
	North Romes	ຸ້າ	752.5	289.0	115.0	67.0	12.3	6.6.
	No.11 W	20,0	35.9	60,1	6,1	c	, 0	0001
	North Vietnam	0	9.6	0) C	7 13	טייר. ר פר
						•	Ċ.	TOT
	Total	1,433.2	1,451,5	6,077.5	1,243,9	2,678,5	158.9	13.043.5
•			l					
1957	USSR	1,508.3	א מסט ר	ב ברני כי	6			
	Albania		ر د د	40)556	1,078,8	2,775,1	142.7	15,932,9
	Bulgaria	2, 2		°°	Q .	0	9.	21.3
	Czechoslovakia	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40° (29.62	22°7	10.0	3,2	130.6
	East Germany	200		139°?	28.8	0	11.5	275.0
	Him as sure	٥,٠ • (50.9	ćγ ©	61.8	10,0	\ @	,0,0,0
	Dolong	20.0	6.7	21.5	3,0	c	ູ້ແ	7°077
	oranio i	50.9	53.4	133,7	31.1	17.1	, -	0,00
	orthan.	27.0	17.77	29.6	0.01	1, 76	4.0	250°5
	china	97.6	157,5	26/2	12.5	T° 07	٥٠	150.6
	North Korea	7 ,	35.6	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100) - -	7.0	13.7	945.1
	North Vietnam	0	9.6	0	, ° C	> ∈	ک ہ 2	153.8
				i)	>	ζ.	101
	Total	1,812,2	1,515,0	0 326 01	3 200 1			
				00011001	707264	4971784	180.4	18,087.4

a. Includes USSR and Communist Unina forces outside national boundaries.

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Appendix A

GROUND FORCES

1. Soviet and European Satellites

A. Assumptions.

- (1) Ground units of the Soviet Army were at authorized Table of Organization and Equipment (TO/E) strengths in tanks, assault guns, and other vehicles during 1956-57. 1958-59.
- (2) The performance of any given type of vehicle is uniform, regardless of role. For example, the consumption rate for a truck used to transport heavy cargo is the same as the rate achieved in transporting troops.
- (3) All tractors in Soviet units burn diesel fuel (although a few may use gasoline).
- (4) The vehicle strength of the militarized security forces is approximate allocated on the basis of one average truck per 25 troops. The vehicle strength of the signal troops is the same as that of comparable signal units in the Soviet Army.
- (5) Vehicles employed in transport use are allocated gasoline for 7,200 miles of annual operation. Vehicles employed for non-transport use, i.e., primarily combat, are allocated gasoline for 2,100 miles of annual operation.
- (6) All vehicles in the Soviet border troops are considered to be transport as opposed to combat. For the remaining security forces only 25 percent are transport vehicles. An exception to this is within the Interior Troops which and 25 percent are estimated transport which is also as a security to the transport which is the security transport which
- (7) Consumption of petroleum products by the European Satellite ground forces was based on estimated vehicle strengths, unit strengths, and recent reports of annual consumption in two of the Satellites. Satellite security forces were allocated one average truck per 20 troops.

B. Methodology.

- (1) Annual gasoline consumption by the Soviet Army ground forces was calculated on the basis of the estimated total number of authorized gasoline burning vehicles in divisional and non-divisional units, military schools, and depot installations. In all instances, vehicles were divided into "transport" and "other" vehicles. Transport vehicles were allocated gasoline for 7,200 miles annually; "other" vehicles were allocated 2,100 miles. Such milage was obtained from the most recent Soviet documents and reports. Consumption was calculated at the rate of eight miles per gallon.
- (2) The fragmentary information available on Soviet tank and assault gun training indicates that most of the armor assigned to troops is kept in storage for most of the year. It is believed that about 10 percent of the tanks and assault guns in units is used throughout the year for training and that another 10 percent is added from the tank park during summer field training. The remaining 80 percent is used during relatively short term maneuvers and in short moves to and from rail stations. The following rates of operation were used:

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10 percent, year-round training 400 hours
10 percent, summer training 150 hours
80 percent, maneuver training 50 hours

These rates were applied to the approximate 40,000; tanks and assault guns considered as in the hands of Soviet troops. Fifty percent of the armor in reserve storage was allocated fuel for 8 hours of maintenance operation per year. Consumption was calculated at the rate of 10,3 gallons per hour formedium tanks and 20.7 gallons per hour for heavy tanks. Fuel consumption for other tracked we have tracked at the rate of 1 mile per gallon. Tank recovery vehicles, which are converted tanks, were allocated 50 hours annually per vehicle.

- (3) Gasoline consumption by the Soviet militarized security forces was calculated in the basis of 7,200 miles per truck fer the Border Troops. For the Titler's Fourity troops, only 25 percent of the vehicles were considered "the "transport" category. The remaining vehicles of these troops were allocated 2,100 miles. The Interior Troops were also allocated 2,500 tons of diesel fuel annually for whatever artillery, tractors, and tanks they have.
- (4) Available intelligence does not permit the development of valid estimates for petroleum products consumed in space heating, cleaning, and lighting.

C. The Estimates.

The consumption estimates for the Soviet and European Satellite ground forces and militarized security forces are shown in Tables A-l through A- μ_{\circ}

Communist China and the Asiatic Satellites.

A. Assumptions.

(1) Vehicle consumption per day in gallons is assumed as follows:

	Trucks	Self Propelled Guns	<u>Tanks</u>
North Korea	3.6	6.9	8.4
Communist Chinese in Korea	3.6	6.9	8.4
Communist Chinese in China	1.25	2.0	2.0 Heavy
North Vietnam	3 .7 5	GEQ	1.0 Light

Trucks operating in Korea are assumed to travel 850 miles per month; in Communist China, 300; and in North Vietnam, 900. These consumption rates allow for a vehicle deadline factor of about one-third. Consumption rates are higher in Korea and North Vietnam than in Communist China because of greater utilization of vehicles; vehicle operation in Communist China is believed to be sharply restricted.

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B. Methodology.

The estimated number of vehicles for each year was based on an analyses of TO/E authorizations, reports of the numbers of vehicles on hand, and imports. The number of vehicles was multiplied by the daily consumption factor. The quantities so developed were multiplied by 365 to obtain a yearly figure.

C. The Estimates.

The consumption estimates for Communist China and Asiatic Satellite ground forces are shown in Table A-5.

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Table A-1.
Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products
Sowiet Army Ground Forces

					(Metric Tons)
Year	Location of Units	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Lubricants	Total
1956	USSR East Germany Hungary Poland Rumania	636,000 107,000 11,500 9,000 8,100	156,975 31,500 6,450 3,000 2,850	39,650 6,925 900 600 550	832,625 145,425 18,850 11,500
	Total	771, 600	200,775	118,625	1,021,000
1957	USSR East Germany Hungary Poland Eumania	645,000 110,500 21,500 9,500	170,000 34,800 7,200 3,300 3,100	10,750 7,265 1,435 640 580	855,750 152,565 30,135 13,440 12,180
	Total	295,000	218,400	50,670	1,064,070
					,

Estimated Annual Consumption of Patroleum Products Soviet Army Ground Forces

				(Metric Tons)
Type of Unit	Motor Gaseline	Diesel Tuel	Lubricants b/	Total
anne, destante partiera es promunesta de partiera es promunes en appointe es presentar en appointe es presenta				And the state of t
100 Mile	7			
55 Mecz 20 Tank	156,985 p. 854 56,915 p. 845	57,800 1232 34,710 1735	13,582 vo 4	96,207 4,810
F. C.	11.9,390	111,660	28,055	589,105 0,532
Non-Divisional		,		
Corps Troops	115,060	5,000	1,650 888 888	34,640 1111,638
GHO Troops	139,860	21,950	8,092	169,902
Total	282,910	49,610	16,630	31,9,180
Miscellaneous	69,300	5/1/6	3,940	82,715
Total Soviet Army Ground Forces 771,600	nd Forces 771,600	200,775	118,625	1,021,000

The same information is applicable for 1957, with minor increases. Calculated at 5 percent of total fuel. 8 .0

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Table A-2a

Estimated Annual Consumption of Motor Gasilne Soviet Army, Ground Forces 1956 a/

	Transport Vehicles	Other Vehicles	ຳເງືອຮ	Total	
Type of Unit	No. of Vehicles Puel Consumed b/ (Units) (Metric tons)	No. of Vehicles (Units)	Fuel Consumed of (Metric tons)	No. of Vehicles (Units)	Fuel Consumed (Metric tons)
	(4)/0 (4)/0	•			
100 Mile	11,865 11,060	126,035 1	100,830 88,375	137,900 557	150,000 150,00
20 Tank	11,295 564(2) 28,210		28,675	E(\$100 733/	71/00/
Total	80,615	272,310	217,850	352,925	066, 811
Non-Divisional			(((((((((((((((((((10° 10°	065.7%
Corps Troops	2,700 3,21,385 60,960	19,110 67,630	7.7.5 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	92,015 100,825	115,060
CHO Troops	55,31,580 8 6, 525	00,5E	70000	23.7 030	282,910
Total	63,745	153,285	570,771	200	
Miscellaneous d/	• ¥• N	M. A.	***************************************	· ·	69,300
Cotal Soviet Army Ground Forses	361,356	125,595	340,475	569,955	771,600
The state of the s					

Calculated at 7,200 miles her vehicle ner year and 8 miles her gallon. Calculated at 2,100 miles her vehicle ner year and 8 miles her gallon. Calculated at 2,100 miles ner vehicle ner year and 8 miles her gallon. Cadar, motorboats, and outboard motors. တွင် ပုံ

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Table A-2b

Estimated Annual Consumption of Diesel Fuel Soviet Army Ground Forces 1956a/

		Vehicles	les.		Consument
Type of Unit	Medium Tanks & Aslt Guns	Heavy Tanks & Aslt Guns	Tank Retrievers & Tractors	Total	(metric tons)
Line Divisions 100 Rifle 55 Mecz 20 Tank	12,000 12.0 12,265 27.3 7,600 380	5,170 94 1,880 94	1,000 4/ 880 / 6 320 / 6	12,400 /24 18,315 353 9,800 490	39,150 67,800 34,710
Total Non-Divisional	31,865	7,050	1,600	10,515	111,660
Corps Troops Army Troops GHQ Troops	350	0 1,585 0	3,855 8855 11,6530	3,855 10,820 11,630	5,000 22,690 91,050
Total	350	1,585	27,370	29,305	079,611
Miscellaneous b/	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	274.6
Total Soviet Army Ground Forces	32,215	8,635	28,970	69,820	200,775

The same information is applicable for 1957, with minor increases. See Table A-l.

Maintenance checks of tanks and assault guns in storage for an estimated 50 percent of total armor in reserve storage. Ď,

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Table A-3

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Soviet Militarized Security Forces 1956 - 1957

	Number		Consumption	uc.	(2002)
Type of Unit	of Trucks	Motor Gasolîne	Diesel Fuel	Lubricants	Total
Border Troops	3,500	9,000	0	625	9,625
Interior Troops	20°,000 /2-2-2-2	23,000	2,500 % S	1,275	26,775
Convoy Troops	1,000 / 500 E	2,500	0	175	2,675
Signal Troops	1,600	000°77	0	280	4,280
Total	<u>26,100</u>	38,500	2,500	2,355	43,355

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Table A -4

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products European Satellite Ground Forces

					(Metric Tons)
Year	Location of Units	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Lubricants	Total
1956	Albania Bulgaria	5,000 30,175	2,110 8,865	355	7,465
	Czechoslovakia East Germany	37,500	25,750	9,000 0 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	64,050
	Hungary Poland	23,200	13,000	1,800 810 800 800 800	38,010 60,900
	Kumania	37,000	12,000	2,450	51,450
•	Total	195,575	105,175	15,035	315,785
1957	Albania	5,500	2,125	380	8,005
	bulgaria Czechoslovakia	33,800	9,600 27,000	2,170 3,220	45,570
	East Germany	24,000	32,000	2,800	58,800
	nungary <u>a</u> / Poland Rumania	45,200 40,700	15,000	2,000 1,060 1,725 1,060	64,260
	Total	191,600	102,525	11,705	308,830

Military activity by the Hungarian Armed Forces was greatly curtailed in 1957 because of the internal uprising in the fall of 1956.

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Table A-5

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Communist China and Asiatic Satellite Ground Forces 1956 - 1957

				(Metric Tons)
Location of Units	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Lubricants	Total
Chinese Communist Forces in China	68,000	970	3,450	72,120
Chinese Communist Forces in Korea	115,640	3,580	2,460	51,680
North Korea	31,000	3,700	1,735	36,435
North Vietnam	009*6	0	1,80	10,080
Total	154,240	8,250	8,125	170,615

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Appendix B

NAVAL FORCES*

1. Sine-Seviet Bloc Naval Forces.

A. Methodology.

These estimates were developed by the following method:

- (1) Order of Battle was taken from Strength and Disposition of Foreign Navies (ONI-30-S/D) as revised for each year.
- (2) An operational schedule (number of days at sea, in port and in shippards) of each vessel type was developed on the basis of the best available intelligence, filled in and expanded by the use of USN experience.
- (3) Fuel consumption for each vessel type for each day at sea, in port and in yards was estimated on the basis of the best available intelligence or the most comparable USN type, modified as required.
- (4) The fuel consumed per vessel year was estimated using data developed in steps 2 and 3 and multiplied by the number of vessels of that type on 1 July of each year to give annual consumption per type.
- (5) Annual consumption of all vessels in each type was totaled to give total consumption for the naval forces afloat.
- (6) Consumption of Naval Forces ashore is estimated on the basis of a per man requirement. The result is considered as all gasoline, although a small, probably insignificant, part of this total would be kerosene and diesel.
- (7) Requirements for lubricants are estimated at 1 percent for fuel oil data, 2 percent for diesel oil data and 5 percent for gasoline data.
- (8) These estimates include units attached to para-military organizations.

B. The estimates.

The consumption estimates for Sino-Soviet Bloc naval forces are shown in Tables B-1 and B-2 .

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^{*} Naval Air Forces consumption is included with Air Forces in Appendix C.

Table B-1
Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products
Soviet Bloc Naval Forces

	er og andrede stelle er						(Me	(Metric Tons)
Year	Location of Units	Motor Cas Ashore	Gasoline Afloat	Diesel Fuel Afloat	Fuel Oil Afloat	Lubri Ashore	Lubricants e Afloat	Total
1956	USSR Baltic Fleet Pacific Fleet Northern Fleet Black Sea Fleet	17,060 15,825 7,355 8,750	14,820 2,280 950 2,740	346,620 120,685 107,570 135,030	771,150 711,145 711,145 1,89,930 556,015	900 835 385 160	13,490 9,910 7,040 7,230	1,164,040 893,680 613,230 710,225
	Total USSR	18,990	20,790	709,905	2,561,240	2,580	37,670	3,381,175
	Albania Bulgaria East Germany Poland Rumania	65 450 1,040 1,040	2,165 1,335 775 1,240 930	1,915 11,810 25,810 11,810 5,295	0 7,535 0 16,615 26,095	_ፖ ጀፖሊጀቭ	155 5145 570 570 1125	1,335 24,730 28,280 31,265 33,660
	Total Soviet Bloc	52,455	30,235	766,665	2,611,485	2,765	39,840	3,503,1415
1957	USSR Baltic Fleet Pacific Fleet Northern Fleet Black Sea Fleet	17,060 15,825 7,355 8,750	21,660 2,280 2,850 3,420	363,780 127,530 127,290 163,050	876,910 783,745 529,930 584,525	900 835 385 160	16,710 10,430 7,990 8,320	1,297,020 939,765 675,800 768,525
	Total USSR	118,990	30,210	781,650	2,775,110	2,580	112,570	3,681,110
	Albania Bulgaria East Germany Poland Rumania	65 690 1,040 1,040	2,165 1,080 775 2,400 930	2,315 12,020 29,330 13,190 5,295	0 10,030 9,960 17,110 26,095	ν ο χνχνή Σ	160 560 7140 570 1425	4,710 27,420 41,900 34,365 33,660
	Total Soviet Bloc	52,695	10,560	842.800 15. S-E-C-R-E-T	2,838,305	2,780	45,025	3,823,165

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Table B-2

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Communist China and Asiatic Satellite Naval Forces

							(Me	(Metric Tons)
Year	Location of Units	Motor gasoline Ashore Aflo	asoline Afloat	Diesel fuel Afloat	Fuel oil	Lubricants		
1956	China	3,465	29,885	108,910	67,065	185	A110at 4,475	10tal 213,985
	North Korea	515	3,295	2,040	0	30	215	560°9
	Total	3,980	33,180	110,950	67,065	215	06967	220,080
1957	Chîna	4,855	34,840	129,615	73,115	255	5,220	247,900
	North Korea	515	3,295	2,040	0	30	215	560°9
	Total	5,370	38,135	131,655	73,115	285	5,435	253,995

Appendix C

AIR FORCES

1. Sino-Soviet Bloc Air Forces.

A. Assumptions and methodology.

(1) Aircraft fuels and lubricants.

- (a) Aircraft in operating regiments The air order of battle for aircraft of each Satellite country, Soviet forces in each Satellite country, and the USSR, for the years 1950-1955, was established. Since Soviet aircraft strengths are normally stated as TO/E strengths, the percentage of TO/E for each type regiment was used to determine actual aircraft strength. Flying time per aircraft was based on the estimated pilot time per year for each type regiment. A factor for the ratio of aircraft to pilots was determined in order to get actual aircraft times per year. A handling factor loss of 3.04 percent for aviation fuel, and 3,57 percent for aviation lubricating oil was used. Oil consumption factors used are 1.62 percent of fuel consumed for piston engines, and .163 percent of fuel consumed for jet engines.
- (b) Aircraft in training establishments Aircraft assigned to the military training establishment and para-military organizations were determined for each year. Flying hours per aircraft in these training schools, as estimated in the current issue of AIS-26/1, "Sino-Soviet Bloc Air Planning Factors," were used in determining the consumption for all training aircraft.
- (c) Aircraft in civil aviation Civil aircraft include those assigned Civil Air Fleet, Polar Aviation, and civil training schools. Monthly flying hours for aircraft in the Civil Air Fleet, as shown in AIS 2-2, "Estimated Sino-Soviet Bloc Selected Air Order of Battle," were used to determine consumption.
- (d) MAP Aircraft (testing) Time factors were established for engine run-in and aviation industry testing prior to turning aircraft over to the military establishment, for aircraft and engine modifications and overhauls performed by MAP, and for aircraft permanently assigned to the MAP.

(2) Diesel fuel and motor gasoline.

(a) Based upon the current average daily consumption rate against regimental strengths as estimated in AIS 2-26 and current AOB publications.

(3) Kerosene and fuel oil.

(a) The requirements for heating and lighting are considered to be insignificant in comparison to other petroleum product requirements.

No estimates have been made for kerosene and fuel oil used for this purpose.

B. The Estimates.

The estimated increased aircraft fuel consumption for 1956-1957 reflects the transition to jet aircraft, without any significant decrease in the number of conventional aircraft, the increased consumption of fuel per plane, and the increase in operational flying time.

The consumption estimates for Sino-Soviet Bloc Air Forces, including Naval Air Forces, are shown in Tables C-1, C-2, and C-3.

17.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table C-1

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Sowiet Air Forces 1956

	Aviat	Aviation Gasoline					(Met)	(Metric Tons)
Location of Units	Grade 100	Grade 95	Less than Grade 95	Jet Fuel	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Lubricants	Total
USSR								
Soviet Air Force Soviet Naval Aviation	305,263	.47,216 16,320	00	3,621,411	55,226 12,998	15,266	14,160 2.098	4,158,542
Training Civil Aviation MAP Aircraft (testing)	75,324 6,984 1,033	132,640 159,212 2,365	83,516 235,169 732	399,717 26,380 262,113	10 <u>,</u> 522 63,511 1,101	814 21,125 463	5,624 6,502 3,120	708,157 518,883 270,927
Total	086°604	457,753	319,417	5,122,235	143,358	11,296	31,504	6,525,543
East Germany								
Soviet Air Force Soviet Naval Aviation	00	7,214 267	00	157,212	3,135	922	189	168,972
Total	0	7,481	0	167,546	3,357	1,002	526	179,912
Hungary								
Soviet Air Force	0	738	0	48,157	795	288	6	50,070

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table C-1
Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products
Soviet Air Forces
1956
(continued)

	Av	Aviation Gasoline	26				Tipper	THE ST TO TOUR!
Location of Units	Grade 100	Grade 95	Less than Grade 95	Jet Fuel	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Lubricants	Total
Poland								
Soviet Air Force Soviet Naval Aviation	00	4,562 1,134	00	78,143 5,329	1,431	537 64	165 35	84,838 6,802
Total	0	5,696	0	83,472	1,671	109	500	019°16
Rumania								
Soviet Air Force	0	1,073	0	17,871	919	195	52	19,807
Total Soviet Air Forces 409,980	3es 1409,980	472,741	319,417	5,439,281	149,797	43,382	32,374	6,866,972

19.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table C-1

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products
Soviet Air Forces
1957

	70770	AVIALIUM GASOLINE						
Location of Units	Grade 100	Grade 95	Less than Grad e 95	Jet Fuel	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Libricants	T. + O.T.
USSR								Teach
Soviet Air Force Soviet Naval Aviation	1,88,925	143,722	00	6,540,032	61,266	26,257	20,951	7,281,153
Training Civil Aviation	73,000	129,940	162,060	516,407	13,448 4,158 00,150	5,764	3,131 6,751	1,512,973
MAP Aircraft (testing)	1,460	3,754	0	345,694	07,9410 2,703	38,344 1,150	6,848 5,682	62 6, 598 360,443
Total	615,384	469,125	396,063	8,906,988	171,045	73,297	43,363	10,675,265
East Germany								100
Soviet Air Force Soviet Naval Aviation	00	15,556 819	00	187,925 20,881	2,837 315	1,216	775	208,078
Total	. 0	16,375	. 0	SOR BOK) () (ζ <u>,</u> ,	3 (22,210
Hungary	İ			000	25786	1,351	1 09	230,288
Soviet Air Force	• •	1,380	0	62,314	931	017	123	64.148
							Ì	004600

S-E-C-R-E-T

Table C-1

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Soviet Air Forces 1957 (continued)

	Avia	Aviation Gasoline						
Location of Units	Grade 100 Grade 95	Grade 95	Less than Grade 95	Jet Fuel	Motor Gasoline	Diesel Fuel	Diesel Fuel Lubricants	Total
						,		}
Soviet Air Force Soviet Naval Aviation	00	8,179 43 1	00	119,708	1,932 214	828 92	320 35	130,967 14,073
Total	0	8,610	0	133,009	2,146	920	355	145,040
Rumania							;	•
Soviet Air Force	0	1,380	0	26,237	671	287	99	28 , 640
Total Soviet Air Forces	615,384	496,870	396,063	9,337,354	177,945	76,265	14,510	11,141,391

S-E-C-R-T-T

Table C-2

Estimated Annual Consumntion of Petroleum Products
European Satellite Air Torces
1956

								Metric Tons)
Location of Units	Grade 100	Aviation Gasoll Grade 95	ne Less than Grade 95	Teng 1997	Motor Gasoline	Mescl Fuel	Lubricants	[ota]
Albania Air Torce		816	0	2,332	य ुट	\$	21	3.52
Bulgaria Air Force Training Civil Aviation	000	10,111 1,877 1,925	1,218	26,341 0 0	2,128 273 0	26 700	212 411 26	39,380 9,182 1,951
Total	0	16,916	1,218	26,311	2,101	585	352	50,813
Czechoslovakia Air Force Training Civil Aviation	000	15,866 6,864 8,128	8,611 1,622	96,772 12,11,7 0	3,020 616 56	93)	395 311 138	116,987 28,669 10,00
Total	0	30,858	10,263	108,919	3,702	88	874	152,600
East Germany	0	3,027	11,266	3,206	621	265	126	11,511
Hungery Air Jorca Training Civil Aviation	000	2,305 2,305 3,100	5,887	27,233	1,180 1889 0	1,33 285 0	200 10h 30	37,031 8,770 2,170
Total	9	12,150	5,887	27,213	1,669	718	331	17,971
			22•					

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112,558

13

1,128

1,515

93,281

11,248

31,602

372 283 72 39,189 5,791 3,927

1,526

27,881

4.121

9,086 1,178 3,208

Surania Air Force Training Olvil Aviation 1,677

27,881

1,761

13,772

Total European Satellites

[ota]

10,613

1,8,910

2,813

1,209

14,799

S-E-C-E-E-T

Table C-2

Dissel Tuel 2 Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products
European Satellite Air Forces
1956 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel (continued) Less than Grade 95 30,391 Grade 100

scation of Units

Navel Aviation Training Sivil Aviation

Polend Air Moree

(Metric Tons)

Total

Lubricants

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S-E-C-R-S-T

Table 3-2

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products
Euromean Satellite Air Forces
1957

)))	(Metric Tons)
Location of Units	Grede 100	Aviation Gasol Grade 95	ine Less than Grade 95	Jet Fuel	Motor Casoline	Diessl	Lubricants	Total
Albania Air Yoros	0	3,136	0	6,753	267	tr\ ed	34	8,65
Bulgoria Air Force Training Civil Aviation	တ်ဝဝ	9,696 5,1899 1,932	0.00°7	29,565	3,878 213 0	80 00 00	208 169 26	क्रा क्षा माड्डा इंडा
1600	0	16,816	7,921	29,565	12.2	808	103	F1.624
Ozechoslovakia Air Force Training Civil Aviation	, ooo	26,280 7,302 8,157	16,215	122,275	8 187 948 189	262	23.3 11.53 11.53	154,754 15,050 11,000
Total	0	141.739	18,635	139,675	41399	1,831	1,292	207,121
Bast Cermany Air Force	0	T.	10 0 0 0	8233	1,073	. 0917	212	
Eungary Air Force Training	. 000	10,950 2,153 2,153	o of of the o	21,535	1,176 168	632 1,00	272 278 28	34,805
Totos		15,550	12.012	21,535	7,61	1,032	<u>478</u>	51,22
			24.			٠		ur N

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Products		· ,
of Petroleum	Air Forces	(p)
Anrwal Consumption of Petroleum Product	European Satellite Air Forces	1957 (continue
Sstimsted Annual		

	•				To Common the Common to the Co			erre lons,
Location of Units	07sde 100	Aviation Gasovi Grade 95	ine Less than Grade 95	್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಾಂಥ್ ಕ್ರಾಂ	Motor Gasoline	Diesel	Labricants	Total
Poland Air Porce Naval Aviation Training Civil Aviation	0000	17,032 1,898 6,815 1,291	0 0 39,505 1,300	112,513 12,500 8,699	3,712 116 171 86	1,604 178 0 59	158 21.158	135,399 15,399 35,865 35,865 15,815 1
rotal.	0	30,219	20,805	133,712	1,715	1,841	1,027	392,239
Rumania Air Toros Training Civil Aviation	000	135505 12572 3,220	7,7330	29,565 0	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	747 0 0	11267	15,828 9,537 1,316
Fotal	0	18,297	8,708	29,565	1,921	747	1,113	59,631
Total European Satellites	0	128,171	70,145	369,018	15,940	1260	3,829	594,534

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Impla U.g. Batroleum Products Communist China and Asiatic Satellite Air Forces

		1.2.3	The same and the same of the s	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O				
Incation of Units	Grave 100	Grade 95	Less than Grade 95	40 40 20 20 80 80	Motor Gasoline	Diesel	Inbricants	Total
Ohina				arrithment of social property and a social p				
emog att	12,510	28,622	0	201,522	5.8.	1,216	1,077	249,759
Neval Aviation	0	3,180	0	67,301	618	1/1	105	72,375
Training	0	11,388	7.47	20,170	159	2	311	39,784
Civil Aviation	0	11,645	060-1	0	1,5	20	226	13,026
Total	12,510	511,755	8,56	288,993	5,926	171	7,749	\$12,944
North Korea								
Alraining	್ ೦	3,302	0,17	57,376	5.04 8.04	347	172	62,209
Total	0	4,992	240	60,127	1,04	476	219	61,499
Total Communist China 12,510 and Asiatic Satellite	Ohina 12,510	50,717	9,300	31,9,120	2,000	17.00	1,98	<u>145.443</u>

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Table C-3

Estimated Annual Consumption of Petroleum Products Communist China and Asiatic Satellite Air Forces 1957

	A STATE OF THE STREET, THE STR	Aviation Gasol	The state of the second control of the secon		Charles and the second	TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY		A market and the second se
losation of Units	(a) ao	Grade 95	Less than Grade 95	Jet Frei	Motor Gasoline	Mesel	Inbricants	Total
							- 3	
9040 277	0	28,580	0	313,370	6.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10	1	. 21 Per Per Per	360,908
Mayal Avietion	1,160	10	0	131,302	269	297	146	10,072
87 Single 18 Sin	0	1, v.	11,615	19,593	196	96	泛	50,859
Civil Aviation	0	18,250	2,555	0	.02	38	337	21,270
	114,600	65,883	17,170	1,67,265	19131	3,782	2,338	573,119
North Nores Air Porce Training	00	3,650	1,45	99,645	80%	315	220	10%,665
Total	© Proposition of the Control of the	6,022	1777	102,337	832	345	291	371,252
Total Comunist Onina 11,600	Ohina 11,670	71,905	13,615	569,582	1,965	2,262	2,609	681,101

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